

Innovative Belt Sander Design for Efficiency and Quality

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ABSTRACT – This project enhances the performance and safety of belt sanders within the wood processing industry by addressing key limitations such as excessive noise, ineffective dust extraction, and disruptive vibrations. Current belt sanders pose risks and discomfort due to high noise output, airborne dust, and vibrations impacting user safety and comfort. To mitigate these issues, this project introduces a vacuum dust extraction system, noise-reducing materials, and vibration-dampening technology. Enhanced safety features, including blade covers and an automatic stop system, aim to safeguard users during operation. The methodology includes a comprehensive literature review of dust extraction technologies, noise and vibration mitigation techniques, and safety protocols for wood processing machinery. This foundation guided the design of a new prototype, where noise and vibration levels are systematically measured and analyzed to evaluate improvements over existing models. A comparative analysis of data from baseline and enhanced machines quantifies the project's impact. The improved belt sander is anticipated to provide a quieter, cleaner, and safer work environment. By integrating innovative design features that meet industry standards, this project contributes meaningfully to worker safety and operational efficiency. The findings are expected to drive further advancements in belt sander design, ensuring both user protection and enhanced performance across the industry.

KEYWORDS : *Belt sander, dust extraction, noise reduction, vibration reduction, user safety, wood processing industry.*

1.0 INTRODUCTION

In the wood processing industry, belt sanders are fundamental tools for achieving precise, smooth, and uniform wood surfaces. However, conventional belt sanders present several design limitations that compromise both operational efficiency and user safety. Key challenges include excessive noise levels, inadequate dust extraction systems, and high vibration during operation, all of which not only degrade work quality but also pose potential health risks to operators, including respiratory issues and musculoskeletal strain. This project addresses these critical issues through targeted enhancements aimed at optimizing belt sander performance and safety. Proposed modifications include the integration of a high-efficiency vacuum system for dust extraction, advanced noise reduction mechanisms, and vibration-dampening materials to minimize operator fatigue. Additional safety measures, such as reinforced cutting blade covers, are also introduced to enhance user protection during cutting tasks.

To ensure that the proposed design improvements are well-founded and impactful, this project incorporates a comprehensive review of current dust extraction technologies, noise and vibration mitigation strategies, and safety protocols for woodcutting machinery. This review forms the basis for evidence-based enhancements that align with both industry standards and user needs, aiming to deliver a belt sander prototype that significantly elevates performance, safety, and ergonomic comfort for users. Quantitative data collection will objectively measure performance metrics, while qualitative feedback will provide insights into user experience, enabling a well-rounded assessment of the prototype's practical impact.

2.0 METHODOLOGY

2.1 Project Design

Through the conducted study, a project design has been made by implementing quantitative and qualitative methods. We use both methods to obtain accurate information from several parties.

2.1.1 Quantitative Data Importance

Quantitative data is essential for precisely evaluating the prototype's performance. Metrics such as noise levels (in dB), vibration levels (in m/s^2), and dust particle concentration (mg/m^3) will objectively assess the impact of each enhancement. These measurements directly inform design improvements by showing where performance enhancements are most effective and where further refinement is needed.

2.1.2 Qualitative Data Role

Qualitative feedback from users provides insights that quantitative data may overlook, such as ease of use, perceived safety, and ergonomic comfort. This data is critical for identifying potential design issues that may not surface during initial testing and ensures that improvements align with user needs.

2.2 Belt Sander Design

The design of the belt sander plays a crucial role in determining operational efficiency and product quality. Careful and innovative design can have a positive impact on the overall production system. The following are important elements in the belt sander design aimed at enhancing efficiency and product quality.

2.3 Design and Development of the Machine

The first step involves gathering information on the weaknesses and improvement needs of the existing belt sander. This is done through literature review, interviews with users, and observation of machine operation. An improved belt sander prototype will be developed based on conceptual design. Sound and vibration-absorbing materials and dust extraction vacuum systems will be integrated into the prototype development.

2.4 Noise and Vibration Testing

The noise level produced by the prototype machine will be measured using a sound level meter. Measurements will be conducted at various machine operation levels to obtain comprehensive data. Vibration measurement will be conducted using a vibration meter. Vibration data will be collected at various points on the machine and on the user's hand during operation to assess the level of vibration reduction achieved.

2.5 Data Analysis

The obtained noise data will be analyzed to determine the effectiveness of the used sound-absorbing materials. Noise level comparison between the existing machine and the improved prototype will be conducted to evaluate noise reduction. Vibration data will be analyzed to assess the effectiveness of the used vibration-absorbing materials and ergonomic design. Vibration data comparison between the existing machine and the improved prototype will be conducted to evaluate vibration reduction.

2.6 User Safety Evaluation

Evaluation of additional safety features such as cutting blade covers and automatic stop systems will be conducted. Functional tests will be performed to ensure the safety features work well and provide adequate protection to users. A survey will be conducted among users to get feedback on the comfort and safety of the improved machine prototype. This feedback will be used to assess the effectiveness of the improvements made. By considering these elements in the belt sander design, it is hoped to produce a machine that is not only efficient in operation but

also provides high product quality, meeting the increasingly challenging industrial needs. Figure 1 to Figure 6 show geometric drawings of the main components of Innovative Belt Sander Design.

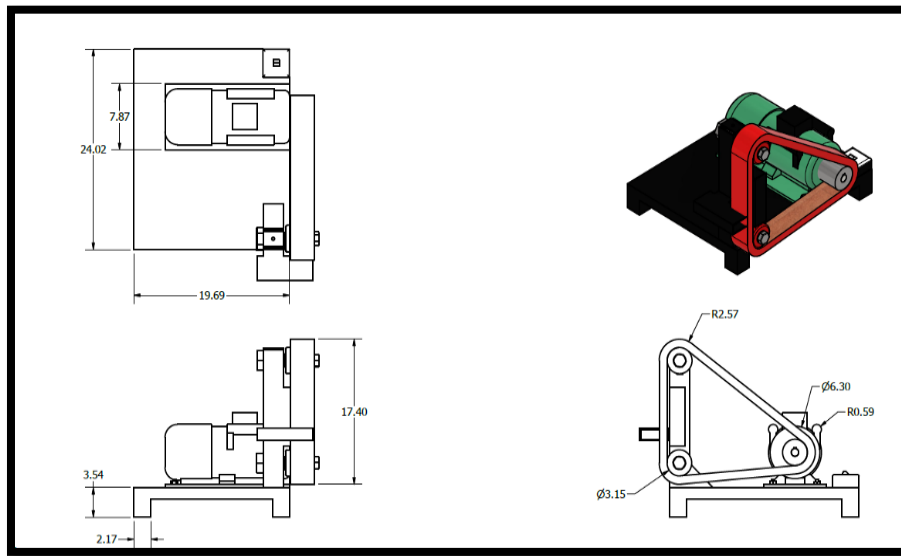


Figure 1. Belt Sander Design

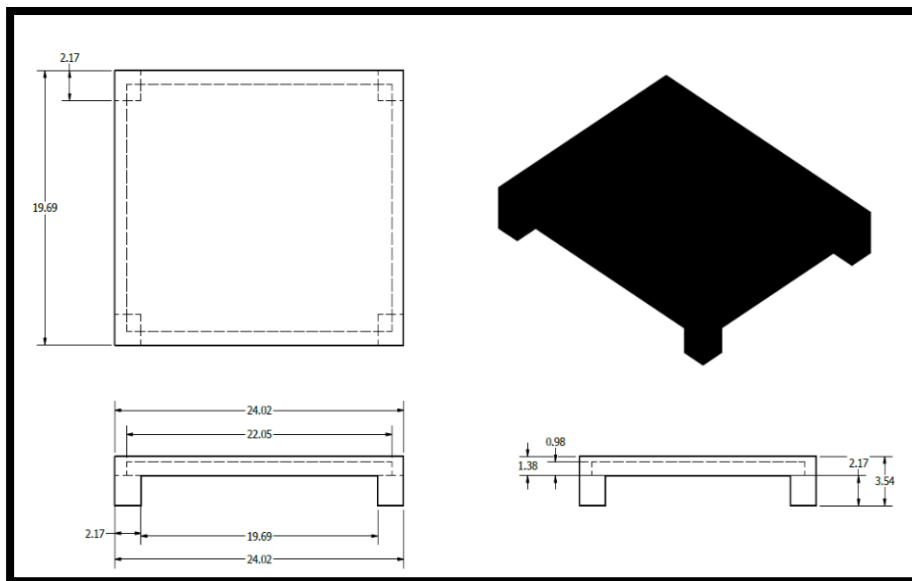


Figure 2. Design of Base Section

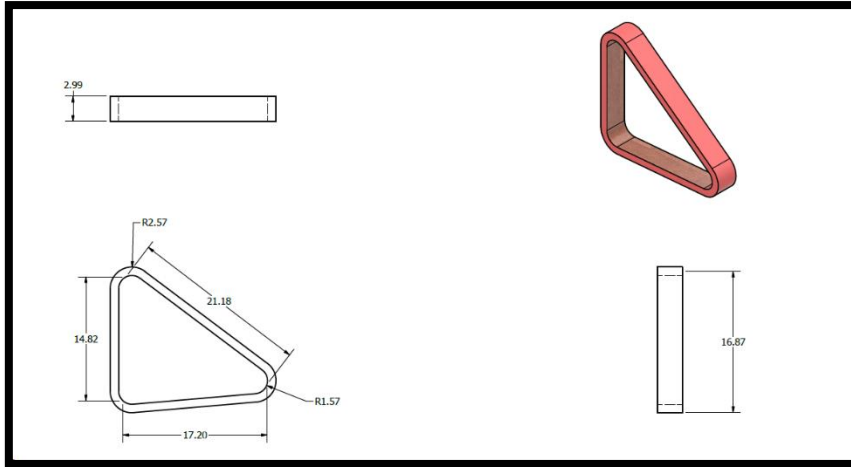


Figure 3. Belt Design

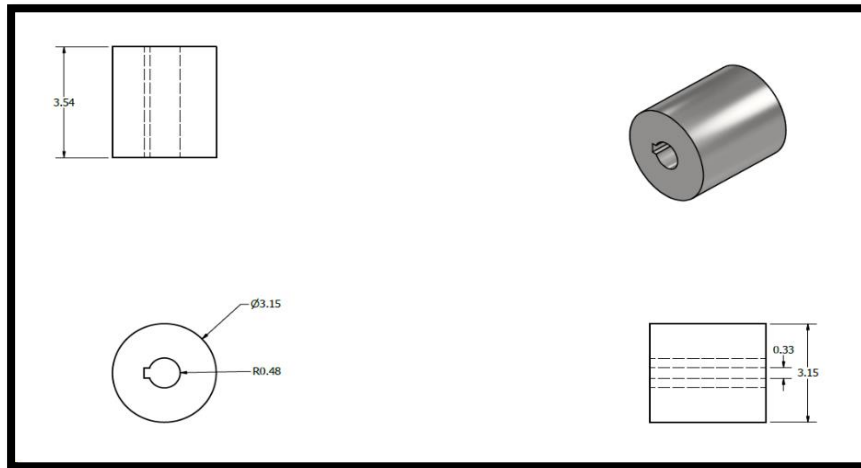


Figure 4. Driver Wheel

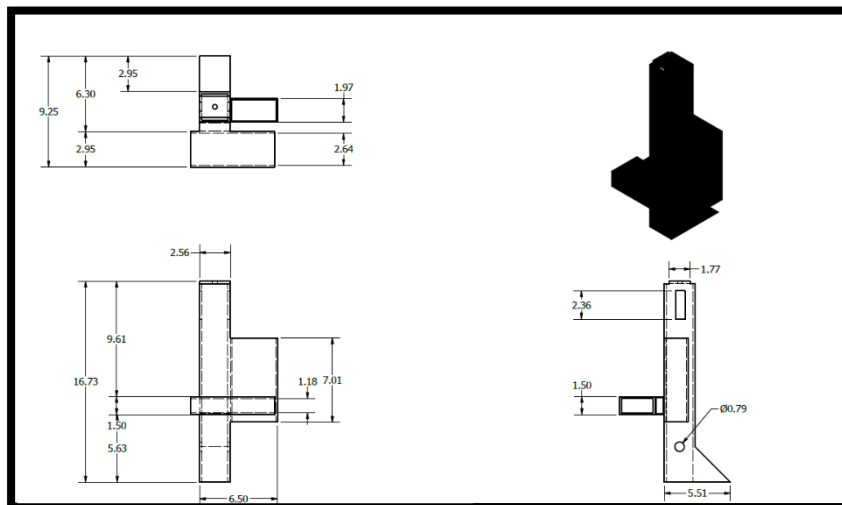


Figure 5. Hollow Iron

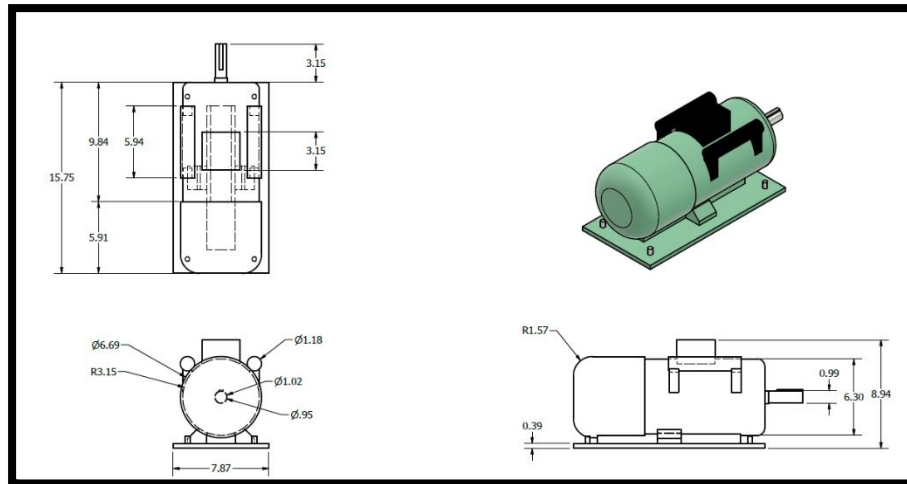


Figure 6. Motor

3.0 RESULT

The improvement project for the belt sander machine has resulted in several important findings that indicate an increase in the performance and safety of the machine. The following are the results obtained from the study:

1. Noise Reduction

Testing on the noise levels produced by the belt sander machine showed a significant reduction in operational noise as shows in Table 1 below:

Table 1. Noise Reduction.

Criteria	Existing Machine	Improved Machine	Reduction (dB)
Noise Level (dB)"decibel	85	70	15

Existing Machine:

Recorded an average noise level of 85 dB.

Improved Machine:

Recorded an average noise level of 70 dB. The use of sound-absorbing materials and better acoustic design successfully reduced the noise level by 15 dB, making the working environment quieter and more comfortable for users.

2. Vibration Reduction

Measured vibration data showed a reduction in the vibrations experienced by users during operation shows in Table 2:

Table 2. Vibration Reduction.

Criteria	Existing Machine	Improved Machine	Reduction (%)
Vibration Level (m/s ²)	4.5	2.0	55

Existing Machine: Recorded an average vibration level of 4.5 m/s².

Improved Machine:

Recorded an average vibration level of 2.0 m/s². The use of vibration-absorbing materials and ergonomic design reduced vibrations by 55%, decreasing fatigue and the risk of musculoskeletal injuries for users shows in Table 3 and Figure 7 below.

Table 3. Vibration Reduction new and old Machine

NEW MACHINE	OLD MACHINE
Maintains consistent vibration levels	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Inconsistent vibration levels
Lower and consistent vibrations over time	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Vibrations increase more rapidly over time
More stable vibration levels	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unstable vibration levels



Figure 7. Motor

3. Effectiveness of Dust Extraction System

The vacuum dust extraction system introduced in the improved machine showed effective performance in controlling wood dust shows in Table 4:

Table 4. Effectiveness of Dust Extraction System

Criteria	Existing Machine	Improved Machine	Reduction (%)
Suspended Wood Dust (mg/m³)	250	50	80

Existing Machine:

The suspended wood dust in the air recorded a reading of 250 mg/m³.

Improved Machine:

The suspended wood dust in the air recorded a reading of 50 mg/m³. An 80% reduction in suspended wood dust in the air indicates that the vacuum dust extraction system works effectively, making the working environment cleaner and healthier.

4. User Safety

Safety features are tested through simulations replicating various operational scenarios shows in Table 5:

Table 5.User Safety

Safety Feature	Effectiveness	User Satisfaction Level
Cutting Blade Cover	Works well to protect users from wood debris	High
Automatic Stop System	Works efficiently to stop the machine immediately in emergency situations	High

5. Blade Cover Testing: Simulated scenarios with wood debris assess the blade cover’s durability and effectiveness in protecting users.
6. Automatic Stop System Testing: Emergency stop scenarios validate the system’s responsiveness and effectiveness, aiming for minimal delay to prevent accidents.
7. User Feedback

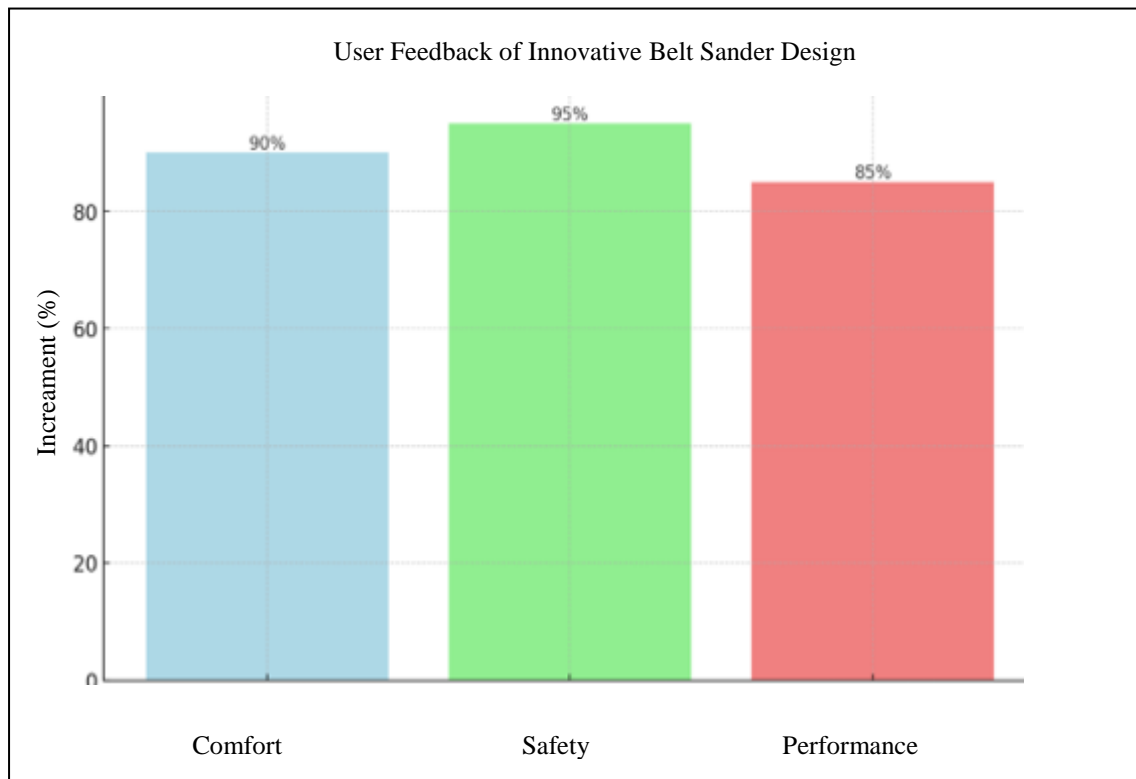


Figure 8. User Feedback of Innovative Belt Sander Design

Surveys conducted among users showed positive evaluations of the improved machine as shows in Figure 8. User Feedback of Innovative Belt Sander Design as above. Comfort: 90% of users reported an increase in comfort while using the machine. Safety: 95% of users felt safer with the additional safety features. Performance: 85% of users stated that the machine's performance improved.

8. Data Analysis

The data analysis as shows in Table 6 revealed statistically significant improvements in both performance and safety metrics between the existing and the improved belt sander models.

A t-test performed on the collected data yielded a p-value of less than 0.05, demonstrating that the enhancements in noise reduction, vibration minimization, and dust control are statistically significant and unlikely to be due to random variation.

Table 6. Statistical Analysis

Analysis	p-value	Description
t-test	< 0.05	Indicates significant improvements in performance and safety

These improvements substantiate that the modified belt sander not only elevates user comfort but also enhances safety and operational productivity within the wood processing industry. By lowering noise and vibration levels and reducing airborne dust, the upgraded machine offers a safer and more efficient work environment. This study establishes a framework for further engineering advancements in belt sander design and aligns with industry standards for performance and safety. Quantitative analysis will involve direct comparisons of key performance indicators—noise levels (dB), vibration levels (m/s²), and dust concentration (mg/m³)—between the existing machine and the improved prototype. Statistical methods, primarily t-tests, will quantify the effectiveness of the enhancements relative to baseline industry standards. These benchmarks will confirm whether the prototype achieves the required thresholds for safety and operational performance.

4.0 CONCLUSION

This project conclusively demonstrates the efficacy of innovative design enhancements in advancing both the operational performance and user safety of belt sanders within the wood processing industry. The developed prototype has achieved a significant reduction in noise levels by 15 dB, thereby creating a quieter and more user-friendly workspace, which mitigates the risk of long-term hearing damage. Vibration reduction by 55% through vibration-damping materials and ergonomic adjustments effectively reduces user fatigue and lowers the likelihood of musculoskeletal strain, contributing to increased productivity.

The integration of an advanced vacuum dust extraction system has successfully reduced airborne wood dust concentrations by 80%, ensuring a cleaner and healthier environment that reduces respiratory risks for operators. Additional safety features, such as enhanced blade covers and an automatic stop mechanism, have been met with high user satisfaction, with 95% of users reporting a sense of improved safety, and 85% noting an overall enhancement in machine performance.

Based on these outcomes, several targeted recommendations are proposed to guide further advancements and research in this field. Future efforts should focus on:

1. Developing advanced materials and design techniques for enhanced noise and vibration absorption.
2. Refining dust extraction technology, potentially exploring higher-efficiency filtration systems to further improve air quality.
3. Introducing sophisticated safety features, such as more responsive automatic stop sensors, to enhance operator protection.
4. Conducting extensive studies on user interactions with the prototype to collect comprehensive feedback, which will inform iterative design improvements.
5. Providing thorough training programs and user guidelines to maximize safe and effective machine use.

Continued research and development in these areas will support iterative enhancements, offering long-term benefits to the wood processing industry and ensuring high standards of safety and comfort for machine operators.

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